### The Piper's Theatre Pipe Organ

THE THEATRE PIPE ORGAN had It's beginnings in the early 1900's, when an English engineer named Robert Hope-Jones radically departed from the accepted methods of organ building in pursuit of an instrument that could do all that an orchestra could. These "orchestral organs" or "unit orchestras" caught on quickly, and found their ultimate niche in the

movie theatre's of the 1920's. THEATRES LARGE AND SMALL installed the organs as an alternative or augmentation to the expensive orchestras which had provided solo music as well as accompaniment to silent films.

THE ORGAN PIPER ORGAN was assembled from several vintage theatre The basic mechanical parts (including the windchests, pipe organs. regulators and tremulants) were all built by the Wurlitzer Company in N. Tonawanda, NY. Three smaller Wurlitzer organs were incorporated into this chestwork - a 2 manual 6 rank organ, a 3 manual 9 rank organ and a

3 manual 12 rank organ. Total ranks of chests 27 ranks.

THE PIPEWORK which is the "heart or sound" of an organ, and what actually creates the sounds that you hear, was built by the Wurlitzer firm, and also the Kimbali Co. of Chicago. The Piper was fortunate in obtaining the nucleus of the famed Kimbali Hall recital organ pipework. Kimbali was especially known for the quality string and reed pipes that they built, and when the Piper's organists perform music in the classical vein, the basic ensemble heard is that of the Kimball Hall organ. The THEATRE ORGAN sound is comprised from the Wurlitzer pipework, and this builder was unsurpassed in the sobbing tibias and vox humanas they voiced, as well as

the reeds that were built and voiced with great precision and quality. THE CURRENT CONSOLE was built by the Kimball firm for the Sheepshead Theatre in Long Island, New York. The PIPER will be replacing this console with a larger Wurlitzer-style console.

THE ORGAN PIPER ORGAN has 27 ranks or sets of pipes displayed behind the glass windows. Percussion instruments and traps are mounted throughout the dining room. Wind is generated by a 10 horsepower turbine blower, and then is distributed through out large bellows (regulators), which may be seen at the bottom of the windows.

### MAIN CHAMBER Tibia Clausa - W

Vox Humana (6" wind) - W

Concert Fute - W Flute Celeste - W Oboe Horn - W Style "D" Trumpet - W Viol d'Orchestra - W Viol Celeste - W Musette - K Clarinet - K Horn Diapason - K All other pipework pressure is 10"

# **TOY COUNTER LEFT**

Crash Cymbal Tap Cymbal Fire Gong

Bird Sona I Doorbell Horse's Hooves I Castanets I Wood Block I Triangle

Ooh-gah Horn Snare Drum Tambourine I

Bass Drum/Tympani Train Whistle

# PERCUSSION INSTRUMENTS

Xylophone, Glockenspiel, Piano Marimba, Chimes, Chrysoglott Sleigh Bells and THE DUCKS!

#### **SOLO CHAMBER**

Violin - K Violin Celeste - K English Horn - K Brass Sax (prepared for) Vox Humana (6" wind) - W Tibia Clausa (15" wind) W Tuba Mirabilis (15" wind) W Quintadena - W Lieblich Flute - W Trumpet - K Orchestral Oboe -K Diaphonic Diapason (15" wind) K

Kinura - K Violin Cello - K

Violin Cello Celeste - K English Post Horn - Moller

#### **TOY COUNTER RIGHT**

Wind Chimes Roll Cymbal Chinese Gong Cowbell Bird Song II Horse's Hooves I Castanets II Wood Block II Choke Cymbal Surf

Yoke Tambourine Sleigh Bell Finger Cymbals